

DISCUS Workshop Pair Distribution Function PDF

Reinhard B. Neder
Crystallography and Structural Physics
Friedrich-Alexander-Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg

reinhard.neder@fau.de

Calculating a powder PDF

Open in Windows Explorer:

Lectures\
03_Diffraction\

Start DISCUS_SUITE

You should see:

...

User macros in ...

System macros in ...

Start directory ...

suite >

suite > **cd Lectures\03_Diffraction**

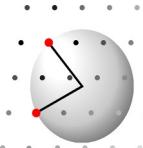
suite > **@pdf.mac 10**

Try: different sizes

Main steps

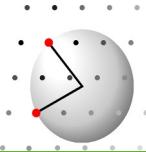
calculate powder diffraction pattern ==> powder menu

Save as PDF ==> output menu



```
#                         pdf.mac
read                      # Switch to read menu
cell CELL/silicon.cell,$1,$1,$1 # read the unit cell
                           # expand to $1*$1*$1 cells
#
@powder_pdf.mac          # Calculate powder pattern
#
output                     # Switch to output menu
outf  PDF/silicon.grcalc   # Define output file name
value PDF                  # Select Powder PDF as output value
form  pdf,r,0.01,100.0,0.01 # Write output as powder PDF data
run                          # Perform the actual output
exit                         # Go back to main DISCUS menu
#
```

Modify to accept different structures



Main steps

calculate powder diffraction pattern ==> powder menu

Save as PDF ==> output menu

Main influential parameters

Radiation: **xray;** **neutron;** **electron**

Relative height of PDF peaks

Q-Range: **set qmax**

Width of PDF peaks

Profile: **set profile, pseudo;** **set profile, off**

Height of PDF peaks as function of distance r

Atomic displacement parameters: **b[atom_type]**

Width of PDF peaks

powder

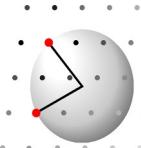
```
xray                                # Select X-rays
set qmin,0.5500                      # Starting value for Q
set qmax,25.0000                      # Final value for Q
set profile, off                      # Switch convolution off
# set profile, pseudo                 # Use Pseudovoigt
# set profile, uvw, 0.000, 0.000, 0.001 # Cagliotti u,v,w values
# set profile, eta, 0.500             # Mixing parameter 1=Lorenzian
set temp,use                          # Use the ADP's
run                                    # Do the actual calculation
exit
```

powder_pdf.mac

Modify:
radiation
qmax
profile parameters

pdf.mac

```
read                                # Switch to read menu
cell CELL/$1.cell,$2,$2,$2        # read the unit cell
                                    # expand to $2*$2*$2 cells
#
do LOOP=1, n[2]
  b[LOOP] = $3
enddo
#
@powder_pdf.mac                   # Switch to powder menu
```



Main steps

calculate powder diffraction pattern ==> powder menu

Save as PDF ==> output menu

Save as **normalized intensity S(Q)** ==> output menu

Save as **reduced normalized intensity F(Q)** ==> output menu

Intensity ==> **S(Q)**: Division by $\langle f \rangle^2$; normalization **S(Q=large) = 1**

S(Q) ==> **F(Q)**: **F(Q) = Q* [S(Q) - 1]**

$$G(r) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{Q_{min}}^{Q_{max}} F(Q) dQ$$

suite > **@overview.mac 10**

Try: different sizes
variation of all relevant parameters