

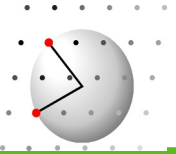
DISCUS Workshop

Single crystal disorder

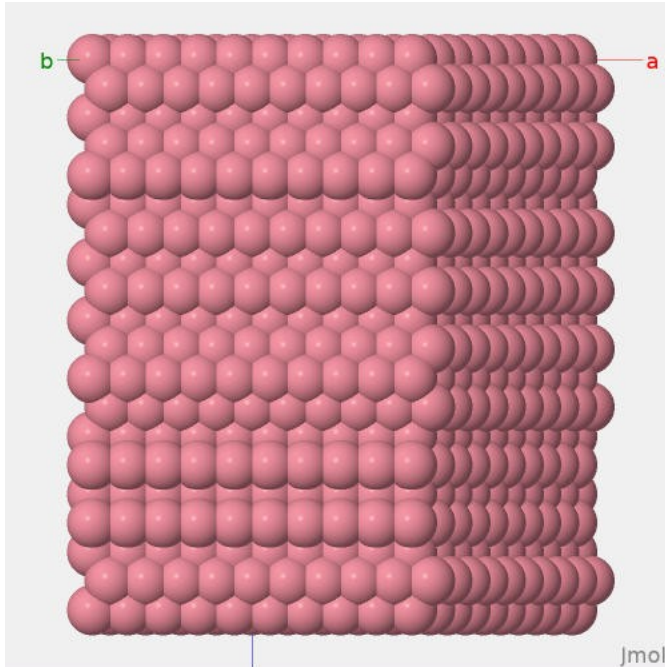
Stacking faults

Reinhard B. Neder
Crystallography and Structural Physics
Friedrich-Alexander-Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg

reinhard.neder@fau.de



Stacking faults



Goal:

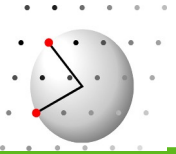
**Build a 3D crystal
with stacking faults**

Basic Info:

Layer types

Layer sequence

A quick demonstration



Stacking faults

Open in Windows Explorer:

Start DISCUS_SUITE

Lectures\
09_Stacking_Faults\
STACK_01

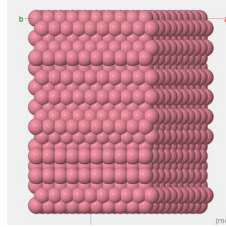
You should see:

...

User macros in ...

System macros in ...

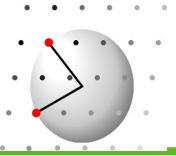
Start directory ...



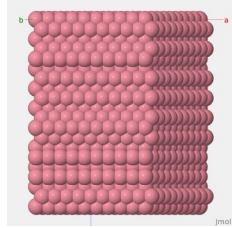
suite >

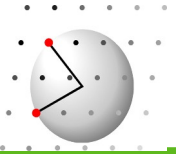
suite > **cd Lectures\09_Stacking_Faults\STACK_01**

suite > **@stack_01.mac 0.00**



Stacking faults





Stacking faults

Open in Windows Explorer:

Lectures\
09_Stacking_Faults\
STACK_01

Start DISCUS_SUITE

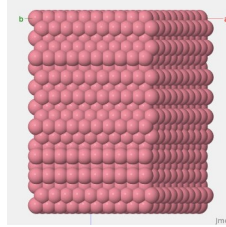
You should see:

...

User macros in ...

System macros in ...

Start directory ...

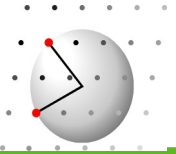


suite >

suite > **cd Lectures\09_Stacking_Faults\STACK_01**

suite > **@stack_01.mac 0.00**

Try different probabilities



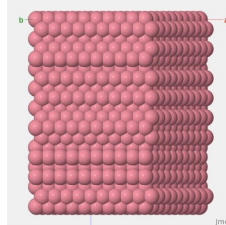
Stacking faults

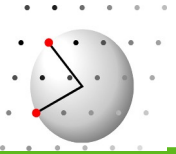
```
discus      stack_01.mac
#
read
  cell  hexagonal.cell,10,10, 1
#
save
  outfile hexagonal.layer
run
exit
```

Build and save individual layers

Build 2D-Layers

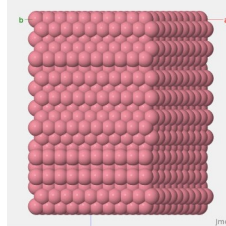
Cut layers out of a large structure



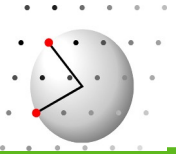


Stacking faults

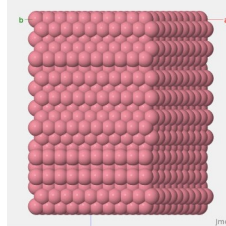
```
stack      stack_01.mac
#
  layer    hexagonal.layer
  layer    hexagonal.layer
```



The Cobalt structure will consist of two (identical) layer types

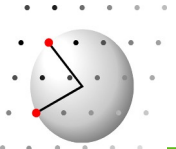


```
stack
#
layer hexagonal.layer
layer hexagonal.layer
trans 1,1, 1./3.,-1./3., 1./2
trans 1,2,-1./3., 1./3., 1./2
trans 2,1, 1./3.,-1./3., 1./2
trans 2,2,-1./3., 1./3., 1./2
```



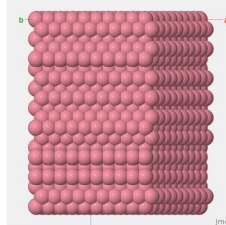
The Cobalt structure will consist of two (identical) layer types

Translation vectors from **first** layer type to **second** layer type need to be defined
components in fractional coordinates in direct space

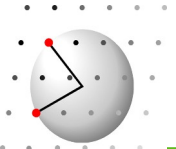


Stacking faults

```
stack      stack_01.mac
#
distr      matrix
first      random
crow       1,      $1      , 1.00-$1
crow       2,      1.00-$1, $1
number     20
```



The layer **distribution** is determined by the **matrix** with commands **crow**
For each row the elements specify probability for the current layer type (**row index**)
to be
followed by next (column index)
20 layers will be stacked, the first is of **random** layer type

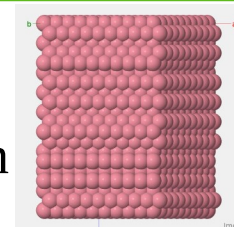


Stacking faults

```
stack
#
aver 0.00, 0.00, 1.00
modul 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00
set modulus,on
set trans,fixed
```

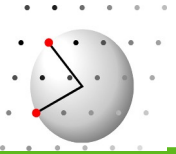
A quick demonstration
Turn off:
set modulus , off

@stack_01.mac 1.0



The average growth direction shall be [0, 0, 1]

Shift layers back to [001] by the two modulus vectors

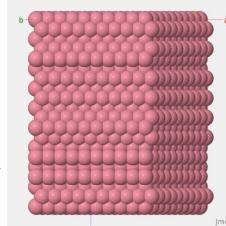


Stacking faults

```
stack      stack_01.mac
#
  create
  run
exit
```

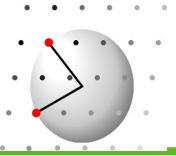
A quick demonstration
Turn off:
set modulus , off

@stack_01.mac 1.0



First **create** list of origins only

With **run** place actual atoms into the crystal



Stacking faults

